

# Marine Life Protection Act Initiative



## Summary of Spatial Data Used in the Planning of Marine Protected Areas in California

North Coast Data Outreach Meeting  
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Paulo Serpa, California Department of Fish and Game

## Outline

- **MLPA data needs and current data in the database**
  - Overview of data themes
  - Where they are from
  - How they are used
  
- **Where do new data come from?**
  - How you can introduce additional data to the process
  - Criteria for data to be useful
    1. Scale
    2. Coverage
    3. Methodology
    4. Formats



## Needs of the Process

**Science-based, stakeholder driven process to evaluate existing marine protected areas (MPAs) and recommend alternative MPA designs for each study region**

- Participants include: Regional stakeholder group (RSG), science advisory team (SAT), blue ribbon task force (BRTF), California Fish and Game Commission (FGC), MLPA Initiative staff, public
  1. All require access to the same basic information



## Needs of the Process

**MPA planning requires:**

- Spatial data on distribution of key habitats, socioeconomic uses, marine managed areas, points of reference, etc.
- Tools to facilitate the exploration of data and support MPA design and evaluation
  1. Iterative process that requires efficient automation of information capture
  2. Tools will be covered in future presentations



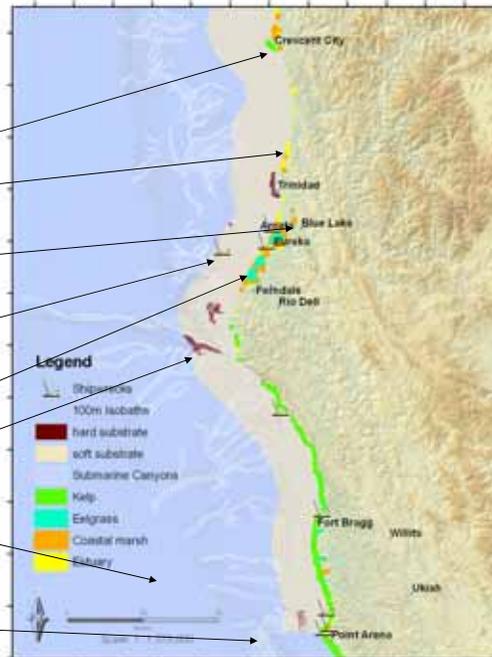
## Database organization

- **Habitat**
  - Distribution of substrate types, bathymetry, intertidal substrate, kelp, seagrass
- **Biological**
  - Distribution of fish, birds, mammals, invertebrates, corals
- **Physical**
  - Sea surface temperatures (SST), upwelling, salinity, currents, impaired water bodies
- **Cultural**
  - Distribution of ports, coastal access points, cities
- **Socioeconomic**
  - Consumptive and non-consumptive activities (e.g., commercial and recreational fishing, recreational boating, diving, educational)
- **Base (reference) Layers**
  - Existing MPAs, study region, graticules, nautical charts



## Habitats

- Kelp canopy mapping from DFG
- Estuaries from TNC and USFWS NWI  
<http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/>
- Coastal marsh from NOAA ESI  
<http://response.restoration.noaa.gov>
- Shipwrecks generated from NOAA ENC  
<http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov>
- Eelgrass from Eric VanDyke and DFG
- Geologic benthic classification from NOAA EFH EIS \* (update in progress)  
<http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/habitat>
- Bathymetric isobaths from DFG and NOAA (NGDC)  
<http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov>
- Submarine canyons from NOAA EFH  
<http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/habitat>



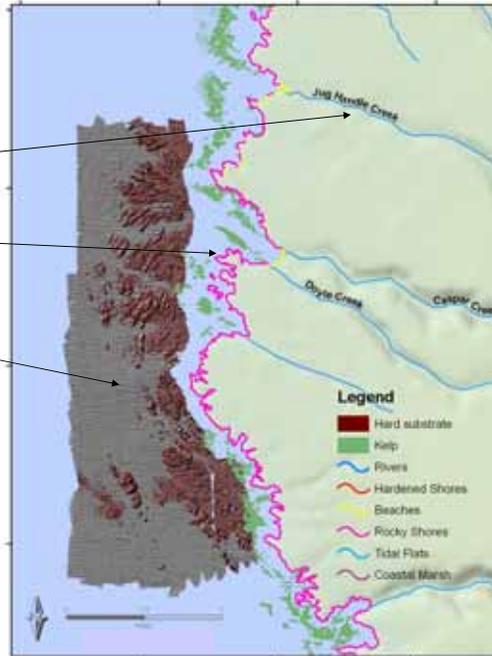


## Physical

Coastal hydrography from USGS  
<http://nhd.usgs.gov/>

Shoretype and coastline delineation from NOAA ESI  
<http://response.restoration.noaa.gov>

High resolution multibeam bathymetric imagery and substrate classification \* from CSUMB  
<http://seafloor.csUMB.edu/index.html>

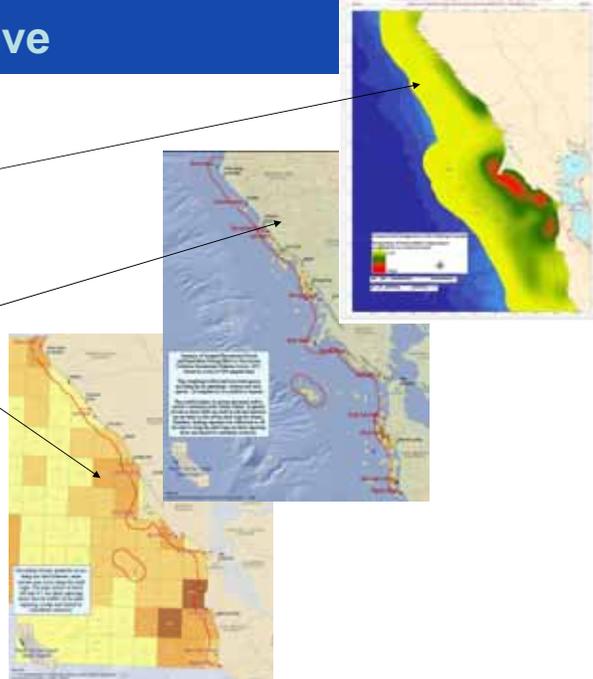


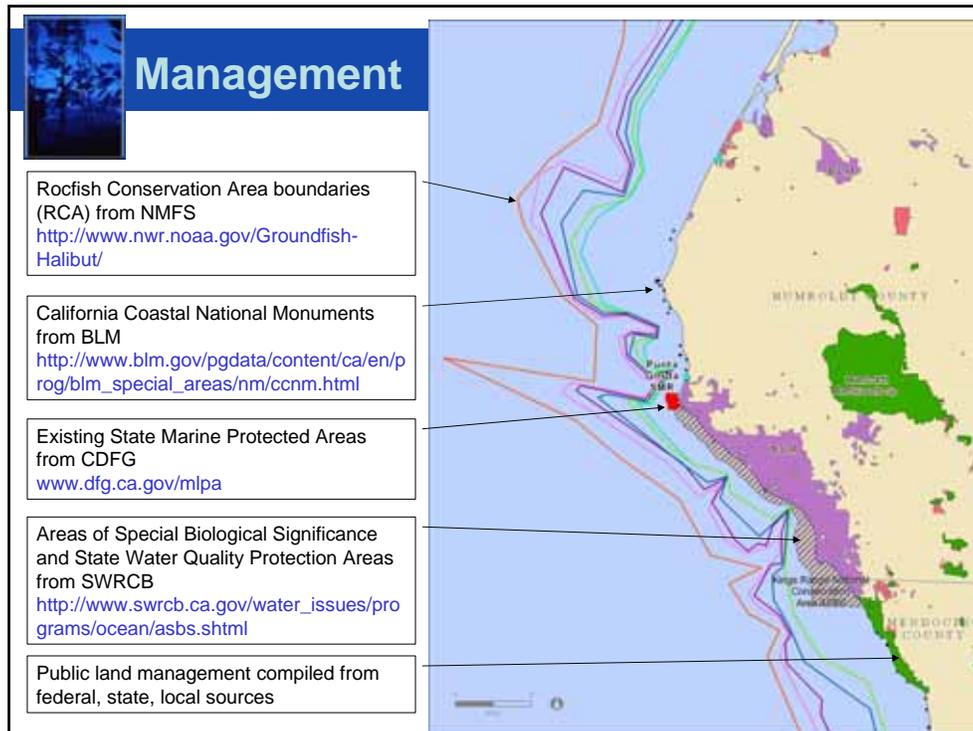
## Consumptive

Commercial and recreational gishing ground areas of importance from Ecotrust fisher surveys

Recreational observer or survey data from California Recreational Fisheries Survey (CRFS)

Commercial landing receipt or logbook data from California Fisheries Information System (CFIS)





**How Data are Used**

**Data are processed into a Geographic Information System (GIS)**

- o Must have a spatial reference linked to specific attributes
- o All data have a common spatial reference
- o Allows for comparison of information in same space and time
- o Data are presented on maps or in tabular format in a variety of media
  1. Static maps, figures and tables (printed and online)
  2. Direct public connection to our database
  3. Through MarineMap, a custom MPA planning tool for viewing these data



## How Data are Used

### **Data and associated mapping tools are utilized by groups in different ways:**

- RSG
  1. Reviews data during planning to target specific areas of interest, confirm boundaries, meet guidelines
- SAT
  1. Reviews data prior to planning process and during evaluation of proposals drafted by RSG
  2. Uses data to quantify analyses of drafted proposals
- All others (including, BRTF, staff and public)
  1. Review data and summaries by SAT to better understand the spatial distribution of thematic areas of interest and how proposals fit the distribution and guidance given by the SAT



## How You Can Contribute Information

### **Formally submit data for consideration**

- Initial step is data submission form
- Data will be reviewed by staff and passed on to SAT for final review. Initial considerations are:
  1. Will data help SAT answer a question or inform process?
  2. Are there other similar data already included?
  3. What is the spatial resolution?
  4. What is the source?
  5. Are methods/analysis appropriate?
  6. What is the level of peer review?
  7. Are the data readily usable?
  8. What is the extent of the data?



## Data Exploration

- **Still early in MLPA North Coast Study Region (NCSR) planning process**
  - We will continue to acquire many new updates and datasets as we progress
  - Cartography and synthesis of some data has only just begun
  - Region profile in the works
    - <http://www.dfg.ca.gov/mlpa/nccprofile.asp>
- **A quick look at the list of features in the handout**
- **A quick look at [marinemap](#) to see how data are presented and used in the south coast**
  - Because we early in the NCSR we don't have these data represented in maps yet.
    - 1.Products will start showing in early fall



## Thank You

[pserpa@dfg.ca.gov](mailto:pserpa@dfg.ca.gov)  
[www.dfg.ca.gov/mlpa](http://www.dfg.ca.gov/mlpa)

Questions?